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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO
09/816,919	03/23/2001	Yoshizou Honda	10830-059001	6094
26211	7590 03/24/2005		EXAMINER	
FISH & RICHARDSON P.C. CITIGROUP CENTER 52ND FLOOR			SHANNON, MICHAEL R	
153 EAST 53RD STREET NEW YORK, NY 10022-4611		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
			2614	

DATE MAILED: 03/24/2005

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)			
Office Action Summan	09/816,919	HONDA, YOSHIZOU			
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit			
	Michael R Shannon	2614			
The MAILING DATE of this communication a Period for Reply	appears on the cover sheet with the o	orrespondence address			
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REF THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, and - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory perions - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by stated any reply received by the Office later than three months after the may be arrived patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	N. 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tin reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) day od will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from tute, cause the application to become ABANDONE	nely filed s will be considered timely. the mailing date of this communication. (D) (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status					
1)⊠ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 23	8 March 2001.				
<u> </u>					
	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.				
Disposition of Claims					
4) ⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-3</u> is/are pending in the applicatio 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are without 5) □ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-3</u> is/are rejected. 7) □ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) □ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and	lrawn from consideration.				
Application Papers					
 9) The specification is objected to by the Exam 10) The drawing(s) filed on 10 May 2001 is/are: Applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the corrupt of the oath or declaration is objected to by the 	a) accepted or b) ⊠objected to he drawing(s) be held in abeyance. Se rection is required if the drawing(s) is ob	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). ejected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).			
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119					
12) ☑ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) ☑ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of: 1. ☑ Certified copies of the priority docume 2. ☐ Certified copies of the priority docume 3. ☐ Copies of the certified copies of the papplication from the International Burnets See the attached detailed Office action for a least set of the papplication from the International Burnets See the attached detailed Office action for a least set of the papplication from the International Burnets See the attached detailed Office action for a least set of the papplication from the International Burnets See the attached detailed Office action for a least set of the papplication from the International Burnets See the attached detailed Office action for a least set of the papplication from the International Burnets See the attached detailed Office action for a least set of the papplication from the International Burnets See the attached detailed Office action for a least set of the papplication from the International Burnets See the attached detailed Office action for a least set of the papplication from the International Burnets See the attached detailed Office action for a least set of the papplication from the International Burnets See the attached detailed Office action for a least set of the papplication from the International Burnets See the attached detailed Office action for a least set of the papplication from the International Burnets See the attached detailed Office action for a least set of the papplication from the International Burnets See the attached detailed Office action for a least set of the papplication from the International Burnets See the attached detailed Office action for a least set of the papplication from the International Burnets See the attached detailed Office action for a least set of the papplication from the Internation for a least set of the papplication from the Internation for a least set of the papplication from the Internation for a least set of the papplication from the Internation for a least se	ents have been received. ents have been received in Applicati riority documents have been receive eau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	ion No ed in this National Stage			
Attachment(s)					
 Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/Paper No(s)/Mail Date 	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Di 08) 5) Notice of Informal F 6) Other:				

DETAILED ACTION

Drawings

1. Figure 3 should be designated by a legend such as --Prior Art-- because only that which is old is illustrated. See MPEP § 608.02(g). Corrected drawings in compliance with 37 CFR 1.121(d) are required in reply to the Office action to avoid abandonment of the application. The replacement sheet(s) should be labeled "Replacement Sheet" in the page header (as per 37 CFR 1.84(c)) so as not to obstruct any portion of the drawing figures. If the changes are not accepted by the examiner, the applicant will be notified and informed of any required corrective action in the next Office action. The objection to the drawings will not be held in abeyance.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

1. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.
- 2. Claims 1 and 2 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Janko (USPN 6,075,561), cited by examiner.

Regarding claim 1, the claimed "moving image reception quality determination apparatus" is met as follows:

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- The claimed "moving image transmitter for transmitting a moving image" is met by the Compression Coder12 and MUX 18, which serve to transmit moving image (frames) 10 [Fig. 1 & col. 2, lines 4-19].
- The claimed "first moving image receiver for receiving the moving image transmitted by said moving image transmitter through a network" is met by the DEMUX 22 and Compression Decoder 24, which serve to receive the video sequence once it has been transmitted over the network [Fig. 1 & col. 2, lines 20-29].
- The claimed "first moving image reception quality evaluator for evaluating reception quality of the moving image of said first moving image receiver" is met by the inherent teaching of an evaluator that can be used to determine the degradation results. The disclosed picture quality measurement device 28 must evaluate the input information (first and second moving images) in order to determine the difference in degradation between the two moving images and output the degradation results [col. 2, lines 29-36].
- The claimed "second moving image receiver for receiving the moving image transmitted by said moving image transmitter through said network" is met by the reference frame 14' and the inherent teaching that it is received at the receiving site after being transmitted from the transmitting device as ancillary data or through pipeline (different communication path) 16.

- The claimed "second moving image reception quality evaluator for evaluating reception quality of the moving image of said second moving image receiver" is met by the inherent teaching of an evaluator that can be used to determine the degradation results. The disclosed picture quality measurement device 28 must evaluate the input information (first and second moving images) in order to determine the difference in degradation between the two moving images and output the degradation results [col. 2, lines 29-36].
- The claimed "determination machine for determining the reception quality of the moving image of said first moving image receiver based on comparison between a first evaluation value output by said first moving image reception quality evaluator and second evaluation value output by said second moving image reception quality evaluator" is met by the picture quality measurement device 28, which serves to compare the picture difference measures and output a degradation result of the first moving image with respect to the second moving image [col. 2, lines 29-36].

Regarding claim 2, the claimed "determination machine determining the reception quality based on a quality degradation index, a value of summing up differences between the first and second evaluation values over a specific time period" is met by the aforementioned picture quality measurement device 28, and its ability to compare the picture difference measures and output a degradation result of the first

moving image with respect to the second moving image [col. 2, lines 29-36]. The fact that this can be done by summing up differences over a specific time period is met by the fact that a series of frames can be sent to the measurement device 28 in order to measure an average video quality for the received video sequence over time [col. 2, lines 50-54].

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 3. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 4. Claim 3 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Janko (USPN 6,075,561), cited by examiner, in view of Sako et al (USPN 6,738,752), cited by examiner, in further view of Gordon et al (USPN 6,208,335), cited by examiner. The Janko reference teaches all of that which is discussed above with regards to claim 1. The Janko reference, however, does not disclose that the service provider contracts with a user using the first moving image receiver to receive a moving image for returning a part of service charge to the user based on the first evaluation value, nor does it disclose that a quality provider for managing said first moving image reception quality evaluator, said second moving image reception quality evaluator, and said determination machine for the quality provider to pay an amount determined based on the reception quality determined by said determination machine to the service provider.

The Gordon reference utilizes an OnSet Guarantee, which enables the user to request a return of the service charge associated with a bad quality, moving image [Fig. 13]. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to allow the user to contract with the service provider for returning a part of the service charge based on the quality of the video (which was previously taught by Janko to be established using the picture quality measurement device 28), in order to provide a system which judged the picture quality and allowed for dynamic billing based on the degradation value (quality) of the picture, without the need for user interaction. Furthermore, Sako teaches a system, which utilizes a third party, the distributing service dealer 4 (quality provider) that can pay the contents provider for contents based on use and quality transmitted to the user. Column 6, line 60 – column 7, line 2 disclose that the contents provider 35 receives an amount of money from the distributing service dealer based on the sale/viewing of the content and on the quality of the delivered content. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to utilize a quality provider that could determine the amount to pay the service provider based on the quality of the delivered content, in order to provide a third party and a moderator/arbitrator that would be able to fairly and easily distribute and bill for content based on quality.

Conclusion

5. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.

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Banning (USPN 3,478,162) discloses a system for dual quality subscription

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television, wherein a user can preview a free lesser-quality video signal before actually

purchasing a high-quality video signal.

Nagashima et al (USPN 6,275,988) disclose an accounting system that performs

distribution and billing functions in response to a user selected image resolution.

Maycock et al (USPN 5,808,671) disclose an apparatus for monitoring the quality

and degradation of a video signal at a third party.

Wolf et al (USPN 5,446,492) disclose a system for objectively measuring the

image quality of a destination video signal.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the

examiner should be directed to Michael R. Shannon whose telephone number is (571)

272-7356. The examiner can normally be reached Monday through Friday 8:00 AM –

5:00PM, with alternate Friday's off.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's

supervisor, John Miller, can be reached at (571) 272-7353.

Any response to this action should be mailed to:

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Or faxed to: (703) 872-9306

Hand-delivered responses should be brought to:

Knox Building 501 Dulany Street Alexandria, VA 22314

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to customer service whose telephone number is (571) **272-2600**.

> Michael R Shannon Examiner Art Unit 2614

Michael R Shannon March 11, 2005

JOHN MILLER

SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER

TECHNOLOGY CENTER 2600